#### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY

Financial Statements For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 and Independent Auditors' Report

### **VASIN, HEYN & COMPANY**

ABOVE THE BRIGHT LINE

AN ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS | AUDITORS AND ADVISERS

### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
GASB Schedule of Net Position	14
GASB Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	15
Other Information	16

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority Camarillo, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - Continued**

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We previously audited California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated September 17, 2018. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

The summary financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Reading the summary financial statements, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the audited financial statements of California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 5 to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The GASB Schedule of Net Position, GASB Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Other Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The GASB Schedule of Net Position, GASB Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Other Information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the GASB Schedule of Net Position, GASB Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Other Information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Vosens Heyn + Co.

Calabasas, California September 19, 2019

### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

This section of the California State University Channel Islands Financing Authority (the Financing Authority) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Financing Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes.

#### **Introduction to the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities, No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. For reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities, which best represent the activities of the Financing Authority.

The financial statements include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. These statements are supported by the notes to the financial statements and this section. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the Financing Authority.

**Statement of Net Position** – The statement of net position includes all assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are reported at their book value, on an accrual basis, as of the statement date. It also identifies major categories of restrictions on the net position of the Financing Authority.

**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position** – The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year on an accrual basis.

**Statement of Cash Flows** – The statement of cash flows presents the inflows and outflows of cash for the year and is summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities. The statement is prepared using the direct method of cash flows and, therefore, presents gross rather than net amounts for the year's activities.

#### **Analytical Overview**

#### **Summary**

The following discussion highlights management's understanding of the key financial aspects of the Financing Authority's financial activities. Included are an analysis of current year activities and balances, and a summary of operations.

### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

The Financing Authority's summary of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

#### Condensed Summary of Net Position

<u>June 30,</u>								
	<u>2</u>	019		<u>2018</u>	\$ (	<u>Change</u>	% Change	
Assets:								
Current assets	\$	16,717	\$	22,492	\$	(5,775)	-25.7%	
Other noncurrent assets				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-%	
Total assets		<u>16,717</u>		22,492		(5,775)	<u>25.7%</u>	
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities	\$	16,717	\$	1,957	\$	14,760	754.2%	
Other noncurrent liabilities		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities		<u>16,717</u>		1,957	=	14,760	<u>754.2%</u>	
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt		-		-		-	-%	
Restricted		-		-		-	-%	
Unrestricted		<u>-</u>		20,535		(20,535)	100%	
Total net position	\$	<u> </u>	\$	20,535	\$	(20,535)	<u>100%</u>	

#### Assets

Total assets decreased by \$5.8K. Accounts receivable decreased by \$5.8K for the balance remaining on direct billings.

#### Liabilities

Total liabilities increased by \$14.8K compared to prior year, and reflects assets due to the California State University Channel Islands Site Authority.

#### Net Position

Total net position decreased by \$20.5K, in the form of special taxes received from the County of Ventura; these will be transferred to the California State University Channel Islands Site Authority.

### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (CONTINUED)

The Financing Authority's condensed summary of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

Condensed Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Year End	Year Ended June 30,					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	\$ Change	% Change			
Operating Revenues:							
Other Operating Revenues	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	%			
Total operating revenues	-	-	-	-%			
Operating Expenses	7,507	6,453	1,054	16.3%			
Operating income (loss)	(7,507)	(6,453)	(1,054)	16.3%			
Nonoperating revenues:							
Special Taxes - Revenue	\$ 402,713 402,713	\$ 647,411	<u>\$ (244,698)</u>	<u>-37.8%</u>			
	402,713	647,411	(244,698)	-37.8%			
Nonoperating expenses:							
Special Taxes - Expenses	(415,741)	(620,423)	204,682	33%			
	(415,741)	(620,423)	204,682	33%			
Increase (decrease) in net position	(20,535)	20,535	(41,070)	-200%			
Beginning net position	20,535	<u> </u>	20,535	-100%			
Ending net position	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,535</u>	\$ (20,535)	%			

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues and expenses come from sources that are connected directly to the Financing Authority's business function. There are no operating revenues in the Financing Authority, only expenses in the form of fee assessments from the County of Ventura.

Operating Revenues

There are no operating revenues to report.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses decreased by \$1K versus prior year.

#### **Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)**

Non-operating revenues (expenses) come from sources that are connected directly to the Financing Authority's business function. Revenues come from special taxes received from the County of Ventura. Expenses are the transfer of these revenues to the California State University Channel Islands Site Authority.

Total non-operating revenue is dependent on the amount of special tax collected from the privately owned single family homes (72) and townhomes (112) by the County of Ventura, and then reapportioned to the Financing Authority. The Site Authority managed 49 rental town homes, in conjunction with the sale of the rental apartments and town center, the Site Authority began selling the rental town homes. Total nonoperating revenues decreased by \$245K versus prior year. Total nonoperating expenses are transfers to service debt. Transfers increased \$205K over the prior year.

## CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2018)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	
Accounts receivable - property taxes	16,717	22,492	
Total current assets	16,717	22,492	
Total assets	16,717	22,492	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Due to California State University Channel Islands Site Authority	\$ 16,717	\$ 1,957	
Total current liabilities	16,717	1,957	
Total liabilities	16,717	1,957	
NET POSITION			
Net position	<del></del>	20,535	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	20,535	

## CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2018)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
General, administrative, and other costs	\$ 7,507	\$ 6,453
Total operating expenses	7,507	6,453
Operating loss	(7,507)	(6,453)
Nonoperating revenues		
Special taxes	402,713	647,411
Income before transfers	395,206	640,958
Transfer to California State University Channel Islands		
Site Authority - Special Tax - Community Facilities District	(415,741)	(620,423)
Change in net position	(20,535)	20,535
NET POSITION - beginning of year	20,535	
NET POSITION - end of year	\$ -	\$ 20,535

## CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2018)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash paid to suppliers	\$ (7,507)	\$ (6,453)
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,507)	(6,453)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Tax receipts	\$ 385,996	\$ 624,919
Special taxes	(415,741)	(620,423)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(29,745)	4,496
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Funding provided to California State University,		
Channel Islands Site Authority	37,252	1,682
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	37,252	1,682
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(275)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u> </u>	275
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ -	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (7,507)	\$ (6,453)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (7,507)	\$ (6,453)

#### 1. ORGANIZATION

The CSUCI Financing Authority (the Financing Authority) was formed on May 10, 2000 under and pursuant to a Joint Powers Authority formed by and between the Trustees of the California State University (the CSU Trustees) and the California State University Site Authority (the Site Authority). The Financing Authority's purpose is to provide financing for public capital improvements serving the California State University Channel Islands (the Campus).

The Financing Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds to be used to finance and refinance the cost of constructing various public improvements on property transferred to the CSU Trustees and will be managed by the Site Authority. The West Campus consists of developed space on 42 acres of what was formerly the Camarillo State Hospital. This portion of the Campus is centered on academic uses and houses the California State University Channel Islands (the Campus). The East Campus comprises 162 acres of developable land, originally expected to contain 900 residential units and approximately 31,000 square feet of retail commercial uses; however, in July 2017 the Trustees adopted a revised Master Plan that increases the residential unit density to 1,258. To date, 658 units are completed and the remaining 600 are expected to be completed March 2023.

The Financing Authority is an integral part of the Campus, and the financial transactions of the Financing Authority are also included in the financial statements of the Campus as a discretely presented component unit.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Financing Authority have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. The Financing Authority is considered a special-purpose government. The Financing Authority records revenue primarily from property taxes and, accordingly, has chosen to present its financial statements using the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities. This model allows all financial information for the Financing Authority to be reported in a single column in each of the financial statements. In accordance with the business-type activities reporting model, the Financing Authority prepares its statement of cash flows using the direct method.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Election of Applicable FASB Statements

The Financing Authority has elected to follow private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to November 30, 1989, unless those standards conflict with our contradict guidance of the GASB. The Financing Authority also has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance subject to the same limitation. The Financing Authority has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial statements include the accounts of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority is a government organization under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and is also a component unit of the University, a public university under the California State University system. The Financing Authority has chosen to use the reporting model for special-purpose governments engage only in business type activities.

Classification of Revenues and Expenses

The Financing Authority considers operating revenues and expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position to be those revenues and expenses that result from exchange and nonexchange transactions or other activities that are connected directly to the Financing Authority's primary functions. Exchange transactions primarily include interest income and interest expense. Certain other transactions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses in accordance with GASB requirements. These nonoperating activities are primarily transfers to the Site Authority and collection of special tax revenues.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Financing Authority considers highly liquid investment with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Income Taxes

The Financing Authority was formed pursuant to Articles 1-4, Chapter 5, division 7, title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California and, as a government entity, is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

Special Taxes

The Financing Authority transfers special tax receipts (the Mello-Roos property tax receipts) along with any interest earned after paying any related fees to the Site Authority. The transferred amount is used to pay the Site Authority's capitalized lease obligations.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### Property Taxes

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative- provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Property is originally assessed at 100% of full cash or market value at the date of transfer or completion of construction pursuant to Article XIII(A) of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization.

Pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, the Financing Authority formed Community Facilities District No. 2000-1 (the District) on November 6, 2000 to assist in financing the development of the Campus. The District is authorized to incur a maximum of \$50,000,000 of indebtedness to provide for the cost of certain public facilities and services. The District may levy and collect a special tax within the district to repay such indebtedness. The special taxes are payable and are collected in the same manner and time as are general and ad valorem taxes on real property.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property. Secured property taxes become a lieu on the property on January 1 or the date on which title to the property transfers or improvements to the property are completed. Secured property taxes are levied July 1 and payable in two equal installments the first is generally due on November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Special tax revenues are recognized in the period in which they are levied, net of amounts determined to be uncollectible.

Supplemental property tax assessments/refunds associated with changes in assessed valuations due to transfers of title and completed property improvements are levied in two equal installments and have variable due dates based on the date of title transfer and/or completion of the property improvements.

#### *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management also determines the accounting principles to be used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### Comparative Totals

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Financing Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 from which the summarized information was derived.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Fair Value Measurements

The Financing Authority reports its fair value measures using a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value in accordance with GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal or most advantageous market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. GASB 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy, established by GAAP, requires that entities maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets to which the Financing Authority has access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include
  - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
  - quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
  - observable inputs other than quoted prices for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves); and
  - inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable approximate fair value because of the terms and relatively short maturity of these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of liabilities, approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these financial instruments.

When available, the Financing Authority measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value.

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Financing Authority's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019 is classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents <u>\$</u>

At June 30, 2019, cash and cash equivalents consisted of deposits held with fiscal agents. The bank balance and the carrying value of this cash was \$0.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the Financing Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and Education Code do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the provision that a financial institution must secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. This risk is mitigated as the Financing Authority's deposits are maintained at financial institutions that are fully insured or collateralized as required by state law. The cash balance held at June 30, 2019 was \$0.

#### 4. DUE TO CSUCI SITE AUTHORITY

Pursuant to the terms of the trust agreements with U.S. Bank and The Bank of New York (each, a Trustee), the Financing Authority holds the cash from the sale of the Revenue Bonds with the Trustee for those Revenue Bonds and the Trustee disburses cash to the Site Authority as expenses are incurred. Amount due to the Site Authority at June 30, 2019 was \$16,717 and consists of special tax receipts yet to transfer, which will be used for upcoming capitalized lease payments.

#### 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Substantially all of the transactions entered into by the Financing Authority are with the Site Authority.

#### 6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Financing Authority has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2019, to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through September 19, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.



### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY GASB SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments	
Accounts receivable, net	16,717
Capital lease receivable, current portion	´—
Notes receivable, current portion Pledges receivable, net	_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	_
Total current assets	16,717
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_
Accounts receivable, net Capital lease receivable, net of current portion	_
Notes receivable, net of current portion	_
Student loans receivable, net	_
Pledges receivable, net Endowment investments	_
Other long-term investments	_
Capital assets, net Other assets	_
Total noncurrent assets	
Total assets	16,717
Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized loss on debt refunding	_
Net pension liability	_
Net OPEB liability	_
Others	
Total deferred outflows of resources	
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	16,717
Accrued salaries and benefits	
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	_
Unearned revenues Capital lease obligations, current portion	_
Long-term debt obligations, current portion	_
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, current portion Depository accounts	_
Other liabilities	
Total current liabilities	16,717
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	_
Unearned revenues Grants refundable	_
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	_
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	_
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of current portion Depository accounts	_
Net other postemployment benefits liability	_
Net pension liability Other liabilities	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	
Total liabilities	16,717
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Service concession arrangements	_
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	_
Unamortized gain on debt refunding	_
Nonexchange transactions Others	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	_
Restricted for:	_
Nonexpendable – endowments Expendable:	_
Scholarships and fellowships	_
Research Loans	_
Loans Capital projects	_
Debt service	_
Others Unrestricted	_
Total net position	

### CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY CHANNEL ISLANDS FINANCING AUTHORITY GASB SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues:	
Operating revenues: Student tuition and fees, gross Scholarship allowances (enter as negative) Grants and contracts, noncapital: Federal State Local Nongovernmental	\$  
Sales and services of educational activities Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, gross Scholarship allowances (enter as negative) Other operating revenues	
Total operating revenues	
Expenses:	
Operating expenses: Instruction Research Public service Academic support Student services Institutional support Operation and maintenance of plant	7,507
Student grants and scholarships	_
Auxiliary enterprise expenses Depreciation and amortization	_
Total operating expenses	7,507
Operating income (loss)	(7,507)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):  State appropriations, noncapital Federal financial aid grants, noncapital State financial aid grants, noncapital Local financial aid grants, noncapital Nongovernmental and other financial aid grants, noncapital Other federal nonoperating grants, noncapital Gifts, noncapital Investment income (loss), net Endowment income (loss), net Interest expense Other nonoperating revenues (expenses) - excl. interagency transfers Other nonoperating revenues (expenses) - interagency transfers	(13,028)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(13,028)
Income (loss) before other revenues (expenses)	(20,535)
State appropriations, capital Grants and gifts, capital Additions (reductions) to permanent endowments	_ _ _
Increase (decrease) in net position	(20,535)
Net position: Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported Restatements	20,535
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	20,535
Net position at end of year	\$

Cash and cash equivalents:	
Portion of restricted cash and cash equivalents related to endowments	
All other restricted cash and cash equivalents	
Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	-
Current cash and cash equivalents	
Total	\$ -

#### 2.1 Composition of investments:

	Current	Noncurrent	Total
Money market funds			-
Repurchase agreements			-
Certificates of deposit			-
U.S. agency securities			-
U.S. treasury securities			-
Municipal bonds			-
Corporate bonds			-
Asset backed securities			-
Mortgage backed securities			-
Commercial paper			-
Mutual funds			-
Exchange traded funds			-
Equity securities			-
Alternative investments:			
Private equity (including limited partnerships)			-
Hedge funds			-
Managed futures			=
Real estate investments (including REITs)			=
Commodities			-
Derivatives			=
Other alternative investment types			-
Other external investment pools (excluding SWIFT)			-
Other investments			-
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)			-
State of California Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF)			<u>-</u>
Total investments		-	-
Less endowment investments (enter as negative number)	-		-
Total investments, net of endowments	<u>\$</u> -	-	

#### 2.2 Fair value hierarchy in investments:

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Net Asset Value (NAV)
Money market funds	\$	-	• , ,	, ,	· · ·
Repurchase agreements					
Certificates of deposit		-			
U.S. agency securities		-			
U.S. treasury securities		-			
Municipal bonds		-			
Corporate bonds		-			
Asset backed securities					
Mortgage backed securities		-			
Commercial paper		-			
Mutual funds		-			
Exchange traded funds		-			
Equity securities		-			
Alternative investments:					
Private equity (including limited partnerships)		-			
Hedge funds		•			
Managed futures		•			
Real estate investments (including REITs)		•			
Commodities		-			
Derivatives		-			
Other alternative investment types		•			
Other external investment pools (excluding SWIFT)		-			
Other investments		-			
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)		-	-		-
State of California Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF)		-	-		
Total investments	\$		-		<u> </u>

#### 2.3 Investments held by the University under contractual agreements:

	Current	Noncurrent	Total	
Investments held by the University under contractual agreements (e.g CSU Consolidated				
SWIFT Inv pool):			\$	-

		(COI	NTINUŁ	ED)					
3.1 Composition of capital assets:		(		,					
	Balance	D 1 100 41	Prior Period	Prior Period	Balance June 30, 2018	4.170	D.C.	Transfer of completed	Balance
Non-depreciable/Non-amortizable capital assets:	June 30, 2018	Reclassifications	Additions	Retirements	(Restated)	Additions	Retirements	CWIP	June 30, 2019
	s -								
Works of art and historical treasures	٠.								
Construction work in progress (CWIP)									
Intangible assets:									
Rights and easements	-					-			-
Patents, copyrights and trademarks	-					-			-
Intangible assets in progress (PWIP)	-					-			-
Licenses and permits	-					-			-
Other intangible assets:									
	-					-			-
						-			
	-					-			-
Total intangible assets		-	-			-			<u> </u>
Total non-depreciable/non-amortizable capital assets	-								
B 1114 C 11 11 1									
Depreciable/Amortizable capital assets: Buildings and building improvements									
Improvements, other than buildings									
Infrastructure									
Leasehold improvements									-
Personal property:									
Equipment	-					-			-
Library books and materials	-					-			
Intangible assets: Software and websites									
Rights and easements									
Patents, copyrights and trademarks									-
Licenses and permits	-					-			-
Other intangible assets:									
	-					-			-
	•					-			•
	-					-			
Total intangible assets									<u> </u>
Total depreciable/amortizable capital assets		-				-			·
Total capital assets					•	·	-		<u> </u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization: (enter as negative number, except for									
reductions enter as positive number)									
Buildings and building improvements	-								
Improvements, other than buildings	-					-			-
Infrastructure	-					-			-
Leasehold improvements	-					-			-
Personal property: Equipment									
Library books and materials						-			
Intangible assets:	•								-
Software and websites	-					-			-
Rights and easements						-			-
Patents, copyrights and trademarks	-					-			-
Licenses and permits	-					-			-
Other intangible assets:	_					_			_
						-			-
						-			-
77.11.4 71.4	-					-			-
Total intangible assets  Total accumulated depreciation/amortization						-	-	-	<u> </u>
Total capital assets, net	s -	:					<del>:                                    </del>		
т.									
3.2 Detail of depreciation and amortization expense:									
	s -								
Amortization expense related to other assets  Total depreciation and amortization	•	•							
Local depreciation and amortization	•	-							

#### 4 Long-term liabilities:

1. Accrued compensated absences	Balance June 30, 2018	Prior Period Adjustments/Reclass ifications	Balance June 30, 2018 (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
2. Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses		-	-				-	-
3. Capital lease obligations: Gross balance Unamortized net premium/(discount) Total capital lease obligations		- -	- - -	-	-		 	- - -
4. Long-term debt obligations: 4.1 Auxiliary revenue bonds (non-SRB related) 4.2 Commercial paper		- -	- -				<u> </u>	-
4.3 Notes payable (SRB related) 4.4 Others:		-	-				- - -	-
		- -	-				- -	-
Total others Sub-total long-term debt		<u>-</u>	-	-	·	<del>.</del> -		<u>-</u>
4.5 Unamortized net bond premium/(discount)  Total long-term debt obligations		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-			
Total long-term liabilities	\$		-	-	-	-		<u>-</u>

Capital lease obligations related to SRB

#### 5 Capital lease obligations schedule:

			Principal an
	Principal Only	Interest Only	Interest
Year ending June 30:	·		
2020			
2021			
2022			
2023			
2024			
2025 - 2029			
2030 - 2034			
2035 - 2039			
2040 - 2044			
2045 - 2049			
Thereafter			
Total minimum lease payments	\$ -		-

Less: amounts representing interest

Present value of future minimum lease payments

Unamortized net premium/(discount)

Total capital lease obligations

Less: current portion

Capital lease obligations, net of current portion

			-			-	-	-	
			-			-	-	-	
			_			_	_	_	
			-			-	-	-	
			-			-	-	-	
			-			-	-	-	
			_			_	_	_	
			-			-	-	-	
			-			-	-	-	
\$	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
-									
								-	

All other capital lease obligations

Interest Only

**Principal Only** 

Principal and

Interest

Total capital lease obligations

Interest Only

Principal and

Interest

6	I ong torm	dobt	obligations	cohodulos
0	Long-term	aebt	odugations	scneaule:

	Auxiliary rev	Auxiliary revenue bonds (non-SRB related) All of			other long-term debt obligations Total			long-term debt obligations		
	`		Principal and			Principal and			Principal and	
	Principal Only	Interest Only	Interest	Principal Only	Interest Only	Interest	Principal Only	Interest Only	Interest	
Year ending June 30:										
2020			-					-	-	
2021			-					-	-	
2022			-					-	-	
2023			-					-	-	
2024			-					-	-	
2025 - 2029			-					-	-	
2030 - 2034			-					-	-	
2035 - 2039			-					-	-	
2040 - 2044			-					-	-	
2045 - 2049			-					-	-	
Thereafter			-					-	-	
Total minimum payments	\$ -	-	-		-			-	-	
Less: amounts representing interest									<u> </u>	
Present value of future minimum payments									-	
Unamortized net premium/(discount)										
Total long-term debt obligations									-	
Less: current portion									<u> </u>	
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion									\$ -	

#### 7 Transactions with related entities:

Payments to University for salaries of University personnel working on contracts, grants, and other programs

Payments to University for other than salaries of University personnel

Payments received from University for services, space, and programs Gifts-in-kind to the University from discretely presented component units

Gifts (cash or assets) to the University from discretely presented component units Accounts (payable to) University (enter as negative number)

Other amounts (payable to) University (enter as negative number)

Accounts receivable from University (enter as positive number)

Other amounts receivable from University (enter as positive number)

3	Restatements/Prior period adjustments:								
	Provide a detailed breakdown of the journal entries (at the financial statement line items level) booked to record each restatement/PPA:								
	Transaction #1	Enter transaction description							
	Transaction #2	Enter transaction description							

#### 9 Natural classifications of operating expenses:

Natural classifications of operating expenses.	Salaries	Benefits - Other	Benefits - Pension	Benefits - OPEB	Scholarships and fellowships	Supplies and other services	Depreciation and amortization	Total operating expenses
Instruction						-		
Research						-		
Public service						-		
Academic support						-		. <u>.</u>
Student services						-		. <u>.</u>
Institutional support						- 7507		7,507
Operation and maintenance of plant						-		
Student grants and scholarships						-		
Auxiliary enterprise expenses								
Depreciation and amortization								<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	\$	-				- 7,507		7,507

### 10 Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: 1. Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows - unamortized loss on refunding(s) Deferred outflows - net pension liability Deferred outflows - net OPEB liability Deferred outflows - others: Total deferred outflows - others **Total deferred outflows of resources** 2. Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - service concession arrangements Deferred inflows - net pension liability Deferred inflows - net OPEB liability Deferred inflows - unamortized gain on debt refunding(s) Deferred inflows - nonexchange transactions Deferred inflows - others: Total deferred inflows - others

**Total deferred inflows of resources**