Financial Statements (with Supplementary Information) and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
The California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority (the "Financing Authority"), a component unit of California State University, Channel Islands as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Financing Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Financing Authority as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Financing Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Financing Authority's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Financing Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Financing Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Financing Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 to 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Financing Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 17 to 20 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by an Administrative Directive dated June 24, 2003, *Financial Reporting Requirements for Auxiliary Organizations*, from the California State University Office of the Chancellor, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Financing Authority's June 30, 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated September 20, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2023 on our consideration of the Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Los Angeles, California September 15, 2023

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

This section of the California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority (the "Financing Authority") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Financing Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes.

Introduction to the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. For reporting purposes, the Financing Authority is considered a special purpose government engaged only in business - type activities, which best represent the activities of the Financing Authority.

The financial statements include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. These statements are supported by the notes to the financial statements and this section. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the Financing Authority.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position includes all assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are reported at their book value, on an accrual basis, as of the statement date. It also identifies major categories of restrictions on the net position of the Financing Authority.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year on an accrual basis.

Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows presents the inflows and outflows of cash for the year and is summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities. The statement is prepared using the direct method of cash flows and, therefore, presents gross rather than net amounts for the year's activities.

Analytical Overview

Summary

The following discussion highlights management's understanding of the key financial aspects of the Financing Authority's financial activities. Included are an analysis of current year activities and balances, and a summary of operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The Financing Authority's summary of net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	 2023	 2022	\$ Change		% Change
Assets Current assets Other noncurrent assets	\$ 18,904 -	\$ 11,298 -	\$	7,606 -	67.3%
Total assets	\$ 18,904	\$ 11,298	\$	7,606	67.3%
Liabilities Current liabilities Other noncurrent liabilities	\$ 18,904 	\$ 11,298 -	\$	7,606	67.3%
Total liabilities	\$ 18,904	\$ 11,298	\$	7,606	67.3%
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	- - -
Total net position	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	

Assets

The current asset represents accounts receivable for current year special taxes expected to be paid to Financing Authority by Ventura County. The increase of \$7,606 is primarily due to a larger amount unpaid by Ventura County compared to the prior year.

Liabilities

The current liability represents the amount payable to the California State University Channel Islands Site Authority and is consistent with the accounts receivable.

Net position

Special taxes received from the County of Ventura are transferred to the California State University Channel Islands Site Authority. The Financing Authority functions as a pass-through account.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

The Financing Authority's condensed summary of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023		2022		\$ Change	% Change
Operating revenues Other operating revenues: Special tax	\$	822,286	\$	801,819	\$ 20,467	2.6%
Total operating revenues		822,286		801,819	 20,467	2.6%
Operating expenses General, administrative, and other operating costs		15,256		15,227	29	0.2%
Transfers to California State University, Channel Islands		-		-	-	-
Site Authority - Special Tax- Communities Facilities District		807,030		786,592	 20,438	2.6%
Total operating expenses		822,286		801,819	 20,467	2.6%
Operating income		-		-	-	-
Changes in net position		-		-	-	-
Beginning net position					 	
Ending net position	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	

Operating revenues and expenses

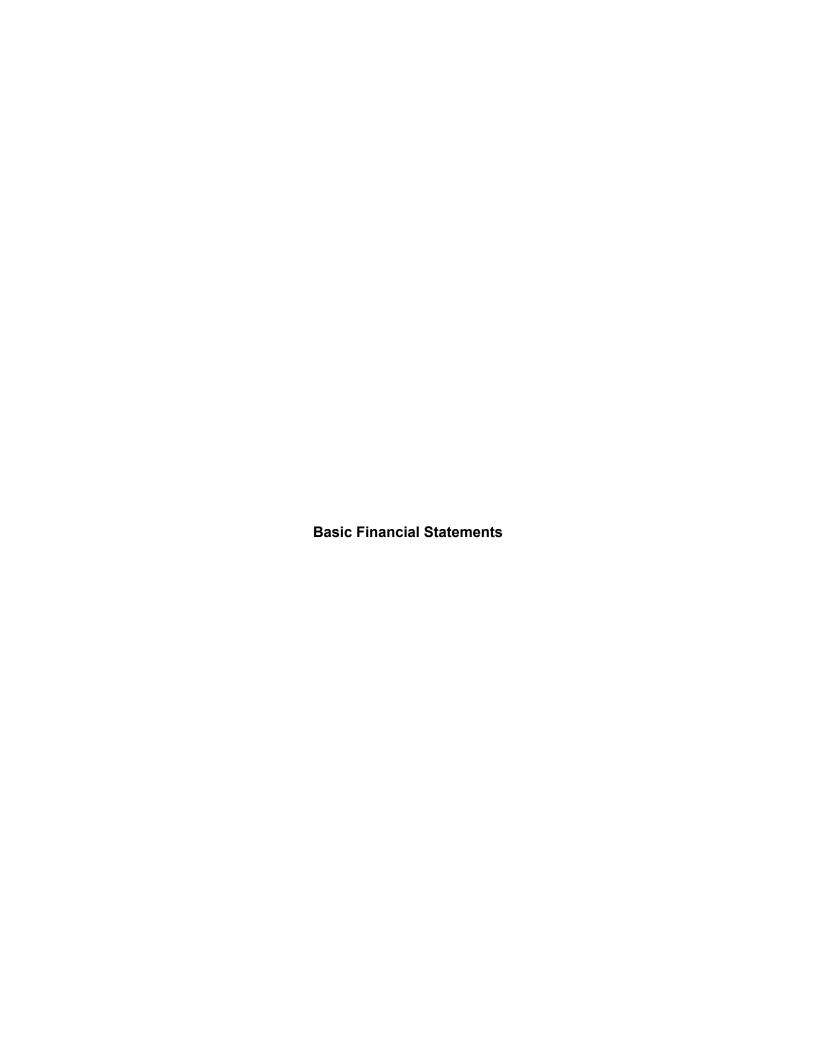
Operating revenues and expenses come from sources that are connected directly to the Financing Authority's business function, which is to provide financing for public capital improvements serving California State University, Channel Islands. The Financing Authority currently receives special taxes from housing originally financed by the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority then transfers the income less general, administrative, and other operating costs to California State University Channel Islands Site Authority where the lease obligation is being paid.

Operating revenues

The operating revenues in the Financing Authority is comprised of special taxes collected from the privately-owned single-family homes and townhomes by the County of Ventura and then reapportioned to the Financing Authority. The revenue increased by \$20,467 primarily due to an increase in the special tax received.

Operating expenses

The expense is comprised of professional fees and fee assessments from the County of Ventura and the transfer of income less fees to Site Authority. There was no significant change in the operating expenses from the prior year.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023 With Summarized Totals at June 30, 2022

Assets

		2023	2022	
Assets Current assets				
Accounts receivable - property tax	\$	18,904	\$	11,298
Total current assets		18,904		11,298
Total assets	\$	18,904	\$	11,298
Liabilities and Net Position				
Current liabilities Due to California State University, Channel Islands Site	•	40.004	•	44.000
Authority	\$	18,904	\$	11,298
Total current liabilities		18,904		11,298
Total liabilities		18,904		11,298
Net position Unrestricted		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total net position	\$		\$	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2023		 2022	
Operating revenues Other operating revenues: Special tax	\$	822,286	\$ 801,819	
Total operating revenues		822,286	801,819	
Operating expenses General, administrative, and other operating costs Transfer to California State University, Channel Islands Site Authority - Special Tax - Community Facilities District		15,256 807,030	15,227 786,592	
Total operating expenses		822,286	 801,819	
Operating loss		-	-	
Changes in net position		-	-	
Net position, beginning of year				
Net position, end of year	\$		\$ 	

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 2023	 2022
Cash flows from operating activities Cash paid to suppliers	\$ (15,256)	\$ (15,227)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (15,256)	 (15,227)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Tax receipts Special taxes	822,286 (807,030)	801,819 (786,592)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	15,256	15,227
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ _	\$
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes	(15,256)	(15,227)
Change in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable - property tax	(7,606)	1,742
Due to related party	 7,606	 (1,742)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (15,256)	\$ (15,227)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Organization

The California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority (the "Financing Authority") was formed on May 10, 2000 under and pursuant to a Joint Powers Authority formed by and between the Trustees of the California State University (the CSU Trustees) and the California State University, Channel Islands Site Authority (the Site Authority). The Financing Authority's purpose is to provide financing for public capital improvements serving the California State University, Channel Islands (the "Campus").

The Financing Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds to be used to finance and refinance the cost of constructing various public improvements on property transferred to the CSU Trustees and will be managed by the Site Authority. The West Campus consists of developed space on 42 acres of what was formerly the Camarillo State Hospital. This portion of the Campus is centered on academic uses and houses the Campus.

The Financing Authority is an integral part of the Campus, and the financial transactions of the Financing Authority are also included in the financial statements of the Campus as a discretely presented component unit.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Accounting method

The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Financing Authority have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. The Financing Authority is considered a special-purpose government. The Financing Authority records revenue primarily from property taxes and, accordingly, has chosen to present its financial statements using the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities. This model allows all financial information for the Financing Authority to be reported in a single column in each of the financial statements. In accordance with the business-type activities reporting model, the Financing Authority prepares its statement of cash flows using the direct method.

Election of applicable FASB statements

The Financing Authority has elected to follow private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") prior to November 30, 1989, unless those standards conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. The Financing Authority also has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance subject to the same limitation. The Financing Authority has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Financial reporting entity

The financial statements include the accounts of the Financing Authority. The Financing Authority is a government organization under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and is also a component unit of the Campus, a public university under the California State University system. The Financing Authority has chosen to use the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged only in business type activities.

Classification of revenues and expenses

The Financing Authority considers operating revenues and expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position to be those revenues and expenses that result from exchange and nonexchange transactions or other activities that are connected directly to the Financing Authority's primary functions.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Financing Authority considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Revenue recognition

Revenue consists of special taxes which are recognized when the taxes are levied.

Income taxes

The Financing Authority was formed pursuant to Articles 1 - 4, Chapter 5, division 7, title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California and, as a governmental entity, is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

Property taxes

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Property is originally assessed at 100% of full cash or market value at the date of transfer or completion of construction pursuant to Article XIII(A) of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization.

Pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, the Financing Authority formed Community Facilities District No. 2000-1 (the District) on November 6, 2000 to assist in financing the development of the Campus. The District is authorized to incur a maximum of \$50,000,000 of indebtedness to provide for the cost of certain public facilities and services. The District may levy and collect a special tax within the district to repay such indebtedness. The special taxes are payable and are collected in the same manner and time as are general and ad valorem taxes on real property.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1 or the date on which title to the property transfers or improvements to the property are completed. Secured property taxes are levied July 1 and payable in two equal installments the first is generally due on November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Special tax revenues are recognized in the period in which they are levied, net of amounts determined to be uncollectible.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Supplemental property tax assessments/refunds associated with changes in assessed valuations due to transfers of title and completed property improvements are levied in two equal installments and have variable due dates based on the date of title transfer and/or completion of the property improvements.

Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management also determines the accounting principles to be used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Comparative totals

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net position class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Financing Authority's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 from which the summarized information was derived.

Special taxes

The Financing Authority transfers special tax receipts (the Mello-Roos property tax receipts) along with any interest earned after paying any related fees to the Site Authority. The transferred amount is used to pay the Site Authority's lease obligations.

Fair value measurements

The Financing Authority reports its fair value measurements using a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value in accordance with GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal or most advantageous market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. GASB 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy, established by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, requires that entities maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets to which Financing Authority has access at the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include;
 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
 - observable inputs other than quoted prices for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves); and
 - inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

The carrying amounts of accounts receivable approximate fair value because of the terms and relatively short maturity of these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of liabilities approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these financial instruments.

When available, Financing Authority measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior period presented have been reclassified to conform to the current period financial statement presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on previously reported change in net position.

Note 3 - Due to CSUCI Site Authority

Pursuant to the terms of the trust agreements with U.S. Bank and The Bank of New York (each, a Trustee), the Financing Authority holds the cash from the sale of the Revenue Bonds with the Trustee for those Revenue Bonds and the Trustee disburses cash to the Site Authority as expenses are incurred. Amount due to the Site Authority at June 30, 2023 was \$18,904 and consists of special tax receipts yet to transfer, which will be used for upcoming lease payments.

Note 4 - Related party transactions

Substantially all of the transactions entered into by the Financing Authority are with the Site Authority.

Note 5 - Contingencies

From time to time, the Financing Authority may have claims against it arising from its normal operations. Currently, there are no claims or litigation against the Financing Authority.



GASB Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2023 (for Inclusion in the California State University)

Assets:	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -
Short-term investments	Ψ -
Accounts receivable, net	18,904
Lease receivable, current portion	-
P3 receivable, current portion	-
Notes receivable, current portion Pledges receivable, net	-
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	-
Total current assets	18,904
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-
Accounts receivable, net	-
Lease receivable, net of current portion	-
P3 receivable, net of current portion Notes receivable, net of current portion	_
Student loans receivable, net	_
Pledges receivable, net	_
Endowment investments	-
Other long-term investments	-
Capital assets, net	-
Other assets Total noncurrent assets	
Total assets	18,904
Deferred outflows of resources:	10,00
Unamortized loss on debt refunding	-
Net pension liability	-
Net OPEB liability	-
Leases	-
P3 Others	
Total deferred outflows of resources	
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	18,904
Accrued salaries and benefits	-
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	-
Unearned revenues Lease liabilities, current portion	
SBITA liabilities - current portion	_
P3 liabilities - current portion	_
Long-term debt obligations, current portion	_
Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, current portion	-
Depository accounts	-
Other liabilities	10.004
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	18,904
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	_
Unearned revenues	_
Grants refundable	-
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	-
SBITA liabilities, net of current portion	-
P3 liabilities, net of current portion	-
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion Claims liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, net of current portion	_
Depository accounts	_
Net other postemployment benefits liability	_
Net pension liability	-
Other liabilities	
Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	18,904
Deferred inflows of resources:	16,904
P3 service concession arrangements	_
Net pension liability	_
Net OPEB liability	-
Unamortized gain on debt refunding	-
Nonexchange transactions	-
Lease P3	-
Others	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	-
Restricted for:	
Nonexpendable – endowments Expendable:	-
Expendable: Scholarships and fellowships	
Research	-
Loans	-
Capital projects	-
Debt service	-
Others	-
Unrestricted Total net position	\$ -
• • • •	

GASB Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position June 30, 2023 (for Inclusion in the California State University)

Revenues:	
Operating revenues:	
Student tuition and fees, gross	\$ -
Scholarship allowances (enter as negative)	-
Grants and contracts, noncapital:	
Federal	-
State	-
Local	-
Nongovernmental	-
Sales and services of educational activities	-
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, gross	-
Scholarship allowances (enter as negative)	-
Other operating revenues	822,286
Total operating revenues	822,286
Expenses:	
Operating expenses:	
Instruction	-
Research	-
Public service	-
Academic support	-
Student services	_
Institutional support	822,286
Operation and maintenance of plant	-
Student grants and scholarships	-
Auxiliary enterprise expenses	-
Depreciation and amortization	-
Total operating expenses	822,286
Operating income (loss)	-
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
State appropriations, noncapital	-
Federal financial aid grants, noncapital	-
State financial aid grants, noncapital	-
Local financial aid grants, noncapital	-
Nongovernmental and other financial aid grants, noncapital	-
Other federal nonoperating grants, noncapital	-
Gifts, noncapital	-
Investment income (loss), net	-
Endowment income (loss), net	-
Interest expense	-
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-
Income (loss) before other revenues (expenses)	-
State appropriations, capital	-
Grants and gifts, capital	-
Additions (reductions) to permanent endowments	
Increase (decrease) in net position	 -
Net position:	
Net position at beginning of year, as previously reported	-
Restatements	 -
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	 -
Net position at end of year	\$

Other Information June 30, 2023 (for Inclusion in the California State University)

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents: Not applicable
- 2.1 Composition of investments: Not applicable
- 2.2 Fair value hierarchy in investments: Not applicable
- 2.3 Investments held by the University under contractual agreements: Not applicable
- 3.1 Capital Assets, excluding ROU assets: Not applicable
- 3.2 Detail of depreciation and amortization expense: Not applicable
 - 4 Long-term liabilities: Not applicable
 - 5 Future minimum payments schedule leases, SBITA, P3: Not applicable
 - 6 Future minimum payments schedule Long-term debt obligations: Not applicable
 - 7 Transactions with related entities: Not applicable
 - 8 Restatements: Not applicable

Other Information June 30, 2023 (for Inclusion in the California State University)

9 Natural classifications of operating expenses:

						ociiolai silips aliu		Depreciation and	
	Salaries	Benefits - Other	Benefits - Pension		Benefits - OPEB	fellowships	Supplies and other services	amortization	Total operating expenses
Instruction	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Research		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Academic support		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Institutional support		-	-	-	-	-	822,286	-	822,286
Operation and maintenance of plant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Student grants and scholarships		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auxiliary enterprise expenses		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortization		-	-			-	-	-	
Total operating expenses	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 822,286	\$ -	\$ 822,286

10 Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: Not applicable

11 Other nonoperating revenues (expenses): Not applicable



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors
California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of California State University, Channel Islands Financing Authority (the "Financing Authority"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Financing Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Financing Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Financing Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Financing Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Financing Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CohnReynickZZF
Los Angeles, California
September 15, 2023



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